## IN THE CLAIMS:

- 1.-32. (Cancelled)
- 33. (Currently amended) A method of preventing cell death, in a host, attributable to a stress-inducing event affecting the cell, said method comprising treating the cell host with a therapeutically effective amount of a temporary p53 inhibitor to reversibly inhibit p53 activity.
- 34. (Currently amended) The method of claim 33 wherein the stress-inducing event comprises a cancer treatment, a trauma, hyperthermia, hypoxia, ischemia, stroke, a burn, a seizure, a tissue or organ prior to transplanting, preparing the host for a bone-marrow transplant, or DNA damage.
  - 34.-45. (Cancelled)
- 46. (Currently amended) A The method of preventing cell death in a host attributable to claim 34 wherein the stress-inducing event comprises preparing the host for a bone-marrow transplant, said method comprising treating the cell with a therapeutically effective amount of a temporary p53 inhibitor to reversibly inhibit p53 activity.

47. (Previously added) The method of claim 33 wherein the temporary p53 inhibitor has a structural formula

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{2}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{2}$$

wherein  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are taken together to form an aliphatic or aromatic 5- to 8-membered ring, and  $R^3$  is alkylphenyl.

48. (Previously added) The method of claim 34 wherein the temporary p53 inhibitor has a structural formula

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{2}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{2}$$

wherein  ${\mbox{R}}^1$  and  ${\mbox{R}}^2$  are taken together to form an aliphatic or aromatic 5- to 8-membered ring, and  ${\mbox{R}}^3$  is alkylphenyl.

49. (Previously added) The method of claim
46 wherein the temporary p53 inhibitor has a structural formula

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{2}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{2}$$

wherein  ${\bf R}^1$  and  ${\bf R}^2$  are taken together to form an aliphatic or aromatic 5- to 8-membered ring, and  ${\bf R}^3$  is alkylphenyl.